



UNITEDSTATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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OMB APPROVAL



ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 28580

		FA	CING PAGE			
Information	Required	of Brokers	and Dealers	Pursuant to	Section	17 of the
Secu	rities Excl	nange Act o	f 1934 and R	ule 17a-5 Ti	hereunde	r

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	July 1, 2010	AND ENDING	June 30,2011
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REG	ISTRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Mutual S	OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	FIRM I.D. NO.		
807 - A Camarillo Springs Road			
	(No. and Street)		
Camarillo California			93012
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE	RSON TO CONTACT IN R	REGARD TO THIS RE	
Mitchell Voss			805.764.6730
D +000	DUNTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	(Area Code - Telephone Numbe
B. ACC	JUNIANI IDENIIFI	CATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w	hose opinion is contained in	n this Report*	
Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified P	ublic Accountants		
	Name – if individual, state last, f	irst, middle name)	
9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170	Northridge	California	91324
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
☑ Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in Unite	ed States or any of its posse	essions.	
		A11 X	
	for official use o	MLY	i

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,Mitchell Voss	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of			
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statements Mutual Securities, Inc	ent and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of			
of June 30, 20 1	are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that			
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal of classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:				
State of	Signature FLS: Sent Title VICENTE MANUEL ALVAREZ Commission # 1905300 Hotary Public - California Los Angeles County My Comm. Expires Jul 2, 2012			
 ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to ☒ (g) Computation of Net Capital. ☒ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirer ☒ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control R. ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requ ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited consolidation. ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation. ☒ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. 	Claims of Creditors. nents Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. equirements Under Rule 15c3-3. of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the			

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc.

Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 (d)

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. (the Company) as of June 30, 2011, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. as of June 30, 2011, and the results of its income and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California August 26, 2011

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Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. Statement of Financial Condition June 30, 2011

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,001,656
Deposit with clearing organization	200,000
Commissions receivable	345,301
Furniture, equiptment, and leasehold improvements, net	74,241
Other receivable	 3,458
Prepaid expenses	137,986
Note receivable	73,800
Other assets	200
Deposit- other	 100,000
Total assets	\$ 1,936,642
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 32,843
Payable to brokers/dealers	117,083
Profit sharing contribution payable	52,715
Income taxes payable	12,470
Total liabilities	215,111
Commitments and contingencies	
Stockholders' equity	
Common stock, no par value, 100,000 shares authorized,	
31,216 shares issued and outstanding	23,413
Additional paid-in capital	142,726
Retained earnings	1,555,392
Total stockholders' equity	 1,721,531
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,936,642

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. Statement of Income For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Revenues

Brokerage commission income Mutual fund and direct product commissions	\$	8,052,452 2,736,225
Insurance and annuity commissions		1,245,082
Advisory fees		481,570
Other income		752,325
Total revenues		13,267,654
Expenses		
Employee compensation and benefits		1,256,344
Commissions and floor brokerage		9,023,959
Communications		110,553
Professional fees		216,590
Occupancy and equipment rental		257,187
Other operating expenses		916,221
Total expenses		11,780,854
Net income (loss) before income tax provision		1,486,800
Income tax provision		23,570
Net income (loss)	<u>\$</u>	1,463,230

Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Additional						
	Common Stock		Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings		Total
Balance at June 30, 2010			\$	142,726	\$	1,467,347	\$ 1,633,486
Distributions to stockholders		·	. '			(1,375,185)	(1,375,185)
Net income (loss)				<u>-</u>	_	1,463,230	1,463,230
Balance at June 30, 2011	<u>\$</u>	23,413	\$	142,726	<u>\$</u>	1,555,392	\$ 1,721,531

Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Cash flow from operating activities:				
Net income (loss)			\$	1,463,230
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net				
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	\$	7,760		
(Increase) decrease in assets:				
Commissions receivable		116,105		
Other receivable		2,994		
Prepaid expenses		(50,196)		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		21,148		
Payable to brokers/dealers		(438,107)		
Profit sharing contribution payable		6,203		
Income taxes payable		2,628		
Payable to related party		(100,000)		
Total adjustments				(431,465)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating	activ	ities		1,031,765
Cash flow from investing activities:				
Issuance of note receivable		(73,800)		
Proceeds from repayments on note receivable		55,178		
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) investing	activi	ities		(18,622)
Cash flow from financing activities:				
Capital distributions	_(1,375,185)		
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) financing	activ	ities		(1,375,185)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents				(362,042)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			_	1,363,698
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			\$	1,001,656
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:				
Cash paid during the year for:				
Interest	\$	-		
Income taxes	\$	33,917		
		,		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of California on February 4, 1982 under the name Brokers Office Management-Encino, Inc and subsequently changed its name to Mutual Securities, Inc. of California on November 9, 1998. The Company is a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

The Company is engaged in business as a securities broker-dealer which provides several classes of services. The majority of its income is earned from agency commissions and equity transactions. Services offerred include the retail sale of corporate debt and equity securities and the sale of U.S. government and municipal securities. Services also include the sale of variable life insurance policies, annuities, and options.

Under its membership agreement with FINRA and pursuant to Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), the Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis and does not execute or clear securities transactions for customers. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirement of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pertaining to the possession or control of customer assets and reserve requirements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For purposes relating to the statement of cash flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than three months, that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Commissions receivable are stated at face amount with no allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary because probable uncollectible accounts are immaterial.

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis with related commission income and expenses also recorded on a trade date basis.

Furniture, equiptment, and leasehold improvements are stated at cost. Repairs and maintenance to these assets are charged to expense as incurred; major improvements enhancing the function and/or useful life are capitalized. When items are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses arising from such transactions are recognized.

Advertising and marketing costs are expensed as incurred. For the year ended June 30, 2011, advertising costs of \$12,7805 are included in other operating expense.

With the consent of its shareholders, the Company has elected to be treated as an S Corporation under Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Subchapter S of the Code provides that in lieu of corporate income taxes, the stockholders are individually taxed on the Company's taxable income; therefore, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements. The State of California has similar regulations, although there exists a provision for a minimum franchise tax and a tax rate of 1.5% over the minimum franchise fee of \$800.

The Company has elected to report the statement of changes in stockholders' equity without disclosing the accumulated adjustment account and other equity accounts pertinent to an S Corporation. There is no financial impact to these financial statements.

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date for items requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements. The evaluation was performed through August 26, 2011, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this review, the Company has determined that there were no events which took place that would have a material impact on its financial statements.

Note 2: DEPOSIT WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATION

The Company has a brokerage agreement with National Financial Securities ("Clearing Broker") to carry its account and the accounts of its clients as customers of the Clearing Broker. The Clearing Broker has custody of the Company's cash balances which serve as collateral for any amounts due to the Clearing Broker as well as collateral for securities sold short or securities purchased on margin. Interest is paid monthly on these cash deposits at the average overnight repurchase rate. The balance at June 30, 2011 was \$200,000.

Note 3: FURNITURE, EQUIPTMENT, AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS, NET

Furniture, equiptment, and leasehold improvements are recorded net of accumulated depreciation and summarized by major classification as follows:

		Useful Life
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 69,258	7
Machinery and equipment	70,670	5
Leashold improvements	 59,007	15
Total cost of furniture, equiptment, and leasehold improvements	198,935	
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (124,694)	
Furniture, equiptment, and leasehold improvements, net	\$ 74,241	

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2011 was \$7,760.

Note 4: INCOME TAXES

As discussed in Note 1, the Company has elected the S Corporate tax status; therefore, no federal income tax provision is included in these financial statements. The tax provision reported is the California franchise tax of \$23,570.

Note 5: NOTE RECEIVABLE

During 2010, the Company lent \$88,285 to an individual and issued a note receivable. The note was non-interest bearing unless the note went into default, in which case 1.5% would be charged per month. The note was repaid in June of 2011.

During the year ended June 30, 2011, the Company issued two unsecured notes receivable in the amounts of \$33,800 and \$40,000, respectively. The notes earn interest at the rate of .46% per annum and are to be repaid in monthly installments through July 15, 2012 and December 15, 2012, respectively with payments beginning July 2011.

Note 6: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On October 1, 2009, the Company entered into a lease agreement for office space with KCMA Investments, LLC ("KCMA") with which the Company has common ownership. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the Company paid \$139,892 in occupancy expense to KCMA. See Note 10 for further information on the lease agreement.

It is possible that the terms of certain of the related party transactions are not the same as those that would result for transactions among wholly unrelated parties.

Note 7: 401 (K) PROFIT SHARING PLAN

The Company has a 4001(k) plan ("Plan") covering substantially all of its employees. Employees are required to have attained the age of 21 and to have completed one year of service in order to be eligible to participate in the Plan. The Plan provides that the employer may make matching contributions and/or annual discretionary contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the Company made \$33,600 in matching contributions and accrued \$17,072 in discretionary contributions.

Note 8: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counter-parties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counter-party or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter-party.

Note 9: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

The Company entered into an original lease agreement for office space on October 16, 2002, which was later amended on March 1, 2007. That lease exipres on December 31, 2012. The lease contains provisions for rent escalation based on increases in certain costs incurred by the lessors. On October 1, 2009, the Company entered into a seperate lease agreement for office space in a seperate location (see Note 6) which will expire on August 31, 2015, with an option to renew for three five year periods.

At June 30, 2011, the minimum annual payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		
2012	\$	253,656
2013		196,774
2014		139,892
2015		139,892
2016		23,315
2017 & thereafter		
	-	753,529

Contingencies

The Company maintains several bank accounts at financial institutions. These accounts are insured either by the Federal Deposit Insurance Commission ("FDIC"), up to \$250,000, or the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"), up to \$500,000. At times during the year ended June 30, 2011, cash balances held in financial institutions were in excess of the FDIC and SIPC's insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and management believes that it has placed its cash on deposit with financial institutions which are financially stable.

Note 10: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued a new professional standard in June of 2009 which resulted in a major restructuring of U.S. accounting and reporting standards. The new professional standard, issued as ASC 105 ("ASC 105"), establishes the Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification or ASC") as the source of authoritative accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB. The principles embodied in the Codification are to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of GAAP for SEC registrants. Existing GAAP was not intended to be changed as a result of the Codification, and accordingly the change did not impact the financial statements of the Company.

For the year ending June 30, 2011, various Accounting Standard Updates ("ASU") issued by the FASB were either newly issued or had effective implementation dates that would require their provisions to be reflected in the financial statements for the year then ended. The Company has reviewed the following ASU releases to determine relevance to the Company's operations:

Note 10: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

ASU No.	<u>Title</u>	Effective Date
2009-01	The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (ASC 105) - a Replacement of FASB Statement No. 162	After September 15, 2009
2010-06	Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (ASC 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements	After December 15, 2009
2010-09	Subsequent Events (ASC 855): Amendments to Certain Recognition and Disclosure Requirements	After February 24, 2010
2009-16	Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets (ASC 860) - an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 140	After November 15, 2009
2009-17	Consolidations (ASC 810) - Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises with Variable Interest Entities	After November 15, 2009

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the Company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

Note 11: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on June 30, 2011, the Company had net capital of \$1,303,304 which was \$1,203,304 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$215,111) to net capital was 0.17 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum allowed.

Note 12: RECONCILIATION OF AUDITED NET CAPITAL TO UNAUDITED FOCUS

There is a difference of \$15,501 between the computation of net capital under net capital SEC Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding unaudited FOCUS part IIA.

Net capital per unaudited schedule		\$	1,318,805
Adjustments:			
Retained earnings	\$ (2,500)		
Non-allowable assets	(1)		
Haircuts & undue concentration	 (13,000)		
Total adjustments			(15,501)
Net capital per audited statements		<u>\$</u>	1,303,304

Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 As of June 30, 2011

C	ompu	tation	of	net	capital	
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-				
Common stock	\$	23,413		
Additional paid-in capital		142,726		
Retained earnings		1,555,392		
Total stockholders' equity			\$	1,721,531
Less: Non-allowable assets				
Furniture, equiptment, and leasehold improvements, n	e1	(74,241)		
Other receivable		(3,458)		
Prepaid expenses		(137,986)		
Note receivable		(73,800)		
Other assets		(200)		
Deposit- other		(100,000)		
Total non-allowable assets				(389,685)
Total Holl-allowable assets				(307,003)
Net capital before haircuts				1,331,846
Less: Haircuts on securities				
Haircut on money markets		(15,542)		
Haircut on fidelity bond		(13,000)		
Total haircuts on securities				(28,542)
Net Capital				1,303,304
Computation of net capital requirements				
Minimum net capital requirements				
6 2/3 percent of net aggregate indebtedness	\$	14,341		
Minimum dollar net capital required	<u>\$</u>	100,000		
Net capital required (greater of above)				(100,000)
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>	
Excess net capital			<u>\$</u>	1,203,304
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		0.17:1		

There was a difference of \$15,501 between net capital computation shown here and the net capital computation shown on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated June 30, 2011 (See Note 12).

See independent auditor's report

Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. Schedule II - Computation for Determining of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of June 30, 2011

A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

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Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of June 30, 2011

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

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Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc.

Supplementary Accountant's Report

on Internal Accounting Control

Report Pursuant to 17a-5

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011



Board of Directors

Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at June 30, 2011, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

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Northridge, California August 26, 2011 Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc.
Report on the SIPC Annual Assessment

Pursuant to rule 17a-5 (e) 4

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011



Board of Directors Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc.

Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 (e) (4) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the following procedures with respect to the accompanying schedule (Form SIPC-7) of Securities Investor Protection Corporation assessments and payments of Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. ("the Company") for the year ended June 30, 2011. Our procedures were performed solely to assist the Company in complying with Rule 17a-5 (e) (4), and our report is not to be used for any other purpose. The procedures we performed are as follows:

- 1. Compared listed assessment payments with respective cash disbursements records entries;
- 2. Compared amounts reported on the unaudited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended June 30, 2011, with the amounts reported in General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7);
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations in the Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting adjustments; and
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was computed.

Because the above procedures do not constitute an examination made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we do not express an opinion on the schedule referred to above.

In connection with the procedures referred to above, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the amounts shown on the Form SIPC-7 were not determined in accordance with applicable instructions and forms. This report relates only to schedules referred to above and does not extend to any financial statements of Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. taken as a whole.

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California August 26, 2011

associates line.

Mutual Securities, Inc. of California dba Mutual Securities, Inc. Schedule of Securities Investor Protection Corporation Assessments and Payments For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	A	Amount		
Total assessment	\$	19,662		
SIPC-6 general assessment Payment made on January 20, 2011		(9,810)		
SIPC-7 general assessment Payment made on July 14, 2011		(9,852)		
Total assessment balance (overpaymment carried forward)	\$	_		